



Food Safety Division
31st Annual NW Food Safety & Sanitation Workshop Nov 8-9th, 2011
Dawn Smith, Food Program Manager, Oregon Department of Agriculture


Oregon Department of Agriculture



A Message from the Administrator



No amount of government oversight can compensate for a failure to take responsibility for the safety and wholesomeness of food at any given point in the farm to table continuum. Producers, processors, retailers, and consumers must each know their particular responsibilities for making food safe to eat and fulfill those responsibilities. Each link in the continuum should be joined together—working diligently and cooperatively to ensure that the food we eat is safe. It is at this point that the education and information the Food Safety Division has to share will be most valuable and effective.



2010-2011

- **New Oregon Legislation**
- **FSMA**
- **MFRPS**





New Food Safety Legislation

Farm-direct Marketing	1,000 Poultry Slaughter
Honey Standards	Bread and Cookies
Shellfish Program Fee Authority	

Legislation

Farm-direct Marketing

License Exemption for producers who raise and process their own crops

Allows for production and sale of low-risk and "acidic foods"

Creates a new category: "acidic foods"

Sets rules for consignment

Establishes limitation of \$20,000 gross



Foods included in the Farm-direct Bill

Food Item	No Sales Limit	\$20,000 sales limit	Additional labeling requirement	Allowed for Consignment
Fruits, vegetables, berries (fresh/ dried)	X			X
Processed grains	X		X	
Nuts in shell	X			X
Shellfish	X			
Eggs in shell	X		X	Completely covered with the original packaging and in original factory seal
Honey/paste	X		X	X
Corn, whole or cracked	X		X	
Flour	X		X	
Legumes/seeds	X		X	
Fresh or dried		X	X	
Spices (e.g., oregano, pepper, basil, garlic)		X	X	
Salad and hot dressings		X	X	
Sauces and dips		X	X	
Pickles		X	X	

IOWA Q&A: HB 2336 Farm Direct Marketing 11/7/2011 1

Legislation

1,000 Poultry Slaughter

License Exemption for the slaughter of 1,000 poultry


(1) Off-farm sales

- Floors, walls, ceilings required
- Must comply with all state and federal requirements

(2) On-farm sales

- Temporary structures allowed
- Must comply with exemption's sanitation



Does this look like more than 1,000 birds to you?



Legislation

Honey Standards

Mandates that the Oregon Department of Agriculture adopt standards for honey based upon federally and internationally established standards



Legislation

Bread and Cookies


BREAD

Allows bakers of whole grain breads to use un-enriched flours

COOKIES

Allows cookie processors to produce cookies under either a:

- food processor license or
- bakery license



Legislation

Shellfish Program Fee Authority

Gives the Oregon Department of Agriculture the authority to establish licensing fees for the Shellfish Program by administrative rule



- Signed into law: January 4, 2011
- Most significant change in Food Safety Laws since 1938
- Three Main Parts: (1) Prevention, 2) Detection and Response, and (3) Import Safety
- Authority and mandates to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services
- FDA primarily responsible for implementation

Food Safety Modernization Act


One-day introduction courses: July 26, 2011 (Salem); July 28, 2011 (Portland)

Legislation Information	Expected Impacts
Suggestions for "What can we do?"	Questions Answered

Food Safety Modernization Act

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Standard 4 Inspection Audit Program




State must conduct quality assurance reviews to evaluate:

- Effectiveness of the inspection programs
- Trends in inspectional coverage
- Practices to achieve quality inspections and sample collections

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Standard 5 Illness, Outbreaks, and Food Defense



➤ State must have a written system to document and investigate alleged food related illnesses, injuries, and unintentional or deliberate food contamination.

➤ States must have a rapid response system and team that is capable of detecting and distinguishing between illnesses outbreaks and possible intentional contamination.

➤ Track recalls originating in the state or effecting the state.

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Standard 6 Compliance and Enforcement



➤ States shall have a compliance and enforcement program that describes the strategies and procedures used to gain compliance

➤ State calculates an overall rating to interpret compliance and determine if proper enforcement procedures where followed

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Standard 7 Industry and Community Relations



- State program participates in activities that foster communication and information exchange amongst regulators, industry, academia, and consumer representatives.

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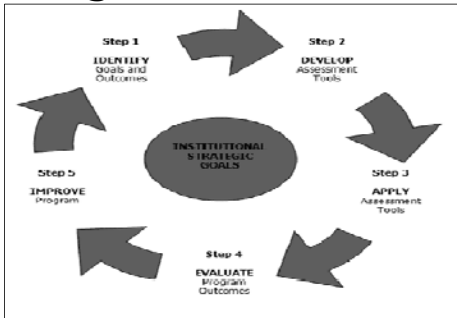
Standard 8 Program Resources



- The state shall have the staff, equipment, and funding needed to support a MFRPS
- The program must assess and allocate those resources.

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Standard 9 Program Assessment



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Standard 10 Laboratory Support



- State must have access to the laboratory support needed to support program functions.
- Laboratory capabilities must be documented and a list of services available maintained
- Contracts with other labs if needed

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Thank you for listening!

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